

AD34: Key Recommendations for Policy Makers

To prepare for the transition to electric, governments should develop policy frameworks that:

- **Can be implemented** quickly and create long-term market signals to provide certainty to industry
- **Bridge the price gap:** demand side measures such as credits, subsidies, feebates are needed to bridge the capital price gap
- **Develop EV ecosystems** to foster innovation and support projects that can be scaled up; 'digitalized, decentralized, decarbonized'
- **Encourage the supply of clean vehicles:** e.g. emissions/Co2 regulations on imported vehicles
- **Tackle the consumers' perceptions-** make charging infrastructure visible and accessible address battery life/recycling concerns
- **Engage with the electricity sector-** charging takes place at home, at destinations and while on journeys
- **Invest/Incentivize** charging infrastructure rollout to tackle consumers' range anxiety
- **Provide non-monetary incentives-** e.g. priority parking and special vehicle lane access.
- **Implement** battery schemes to replace, repurpose and recycle EV batteries

Governments can also;

- **Direct Govt** fleets to convert to EVs to demonstrate leadership, support used car market, infrastructure rollout
- **Use tax programs** to incentivize manufacturing of components, production of minerals and other opportunities along the EV supply chain (e.g. batteries, buses, e-motorbikes, charging hardware)
- **Support** distributed, renewable energy projects, load and demand-side management to meet increasing electricity demand incl. power market reforms, allow EVs to provide demand response
- **Structure** future fuel taxes to support EVs and ensure road costs are recovered- e.g. congestion charges, road usage
- **Collaborate** with APEC partners to harmonize standards